

A woman with short brown hair is shown in profile, looking at a laptop screen. The scene is dimly lit, with a blueish tint. The woman is wearing a light-colored sweater. The laptop screen shows some text and a small image. The background is dark and out of focus.

BREAKOUT:  
VISUALIZING  
PRE/POST TEST DATA

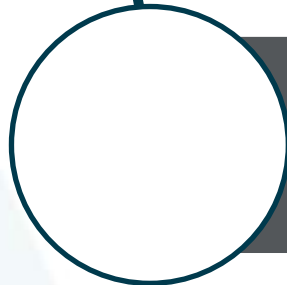
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**WALDEN UNIVERSITY**  
EDUCATION FOR GOOD™

# WORKSHOP AGENDA



Types of Pre/Post Tests



Strategies for Visualization



Communication Considerations

# TYPES OF PRE/POST TESTS

What is being compared? Groups or Individuals?

There are two primary approaches when examining group scores:

1. Independent – The group who took the pre-test is NOT the same as the group who took the post-test.
2. Paired – The group who took the pre-test IS the same as the group who took the post-test.

MAY REQUIRE TESTS OF STATISTICAL SIGNIFICANCE

There are a variety of ways to approach reporting individual scores.

# SUMMARY OF MADE UP DATASET

LIT Test

Sub scales for

177 complete

QUESTIONS

How do you

How do you

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
	ID	LIT Pre-test score (Fall)	LIT Post-test score (Spring)	Pre-Listen	Pre-Imagination	Pre-Talent	Post-Listen	Post-Imagination	Post-Talent
1									
2	123	42	37	0	5	4	19	14	17
3	57	47	40	1	18	9	18	13	16
4	137	35	42	2	20	8	17	14	11
5	3	53	57	4	7	12	19	19	20
6	27	43	44	4	16	12	18	9	18
7	181	39	28	5	11	10	19	12	5
8	136	42	58	1	6	7	14	16	10
9	134	67	56	0	6	15	13	18	10
10	144	38	45	3	14	7	15	19	20
11	113	48	49	6	0	19	18	10	3
12	97	48	39	1	6	4	13	11	18
13	130	33	51	1	4	6	12	15	14
14	126	40	49	6	7	19	17	15	12
15	11	55	57	1	14	14	12	7	4
16	152	46	48	8	6	15	19	2	7

overall score.

pre and post test.

# HOW TO YOU SHOW CHANGE IN OVERALL SCORES FROM PRE TO POST TEST?

Data Prep: Create variable to indicate whether each individual participant took the Pre-test only, Post-test only, or Both.

Initial check to examine pre and post test group mean scores by creating pivot tables

Paired

The screenshot shows an Excel PivotTable with two columns: 'Average of LIT Pre-test' and 'Average of LIT Post-test'. The 'PREandPOST' field is set to 'Yes'. The PivotTable Fields task pane shows 'PREandPOST' in the Filters area and 'Average of LIT Pre-test' and 'Average of LIT Post-test' in the Values area. The 'LIT Pre-test score (Fall)' and 'LIT Post-test score (Spring)' fields are checked in the list.

	Average of LIT Pre-test	Average of LIT Post-test
PREandPOST	46.69767442	48.35658915

Independent

The screenshot shows an Excel PivotTable with two columns: 'Average of LIT Pre-test' and 'Average of LIT Post-test'. The 'PREandPOST' field is set to '(Multiple Items)'. The PivotTable Fields task pane shows 'PREandPOST' in the Filters area and 'Average of LIT Pre-test' and 'Average of LIT Post-test' in the Values area. The 'LIT Pre-test score (Fall)' and 'LIT Post-test score (Spring)' fields are checked in the list. A green arrow points to the 'LIT Post-test score (Spring)' checkbox with the label 'Sketchy'.

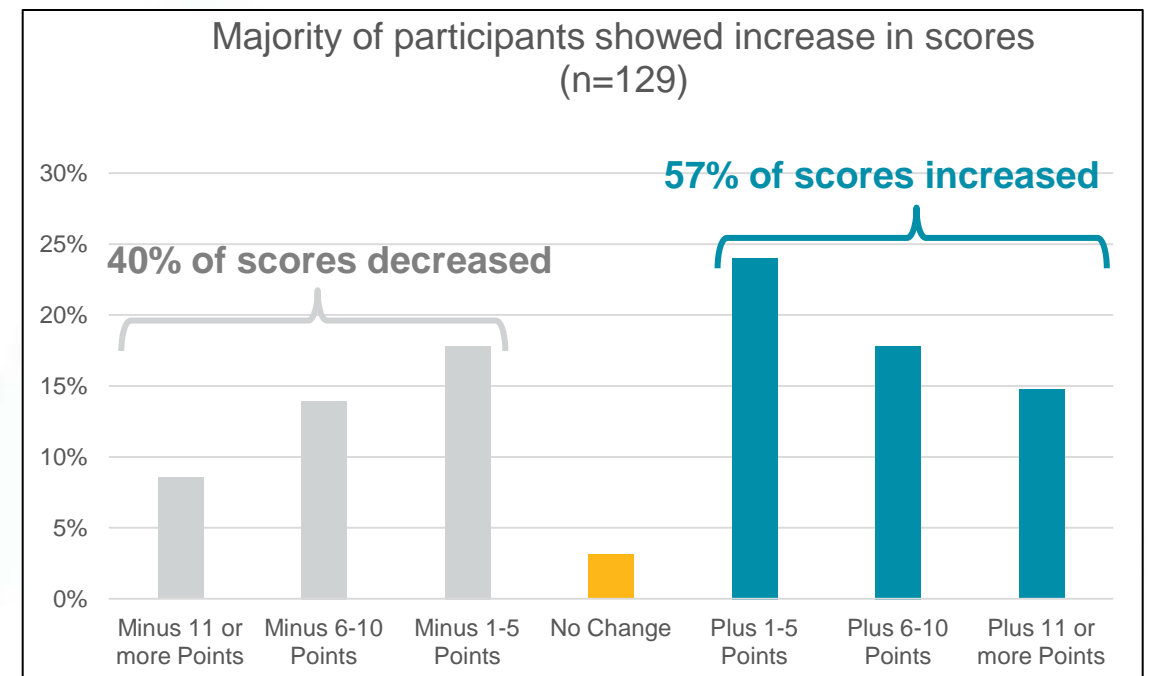
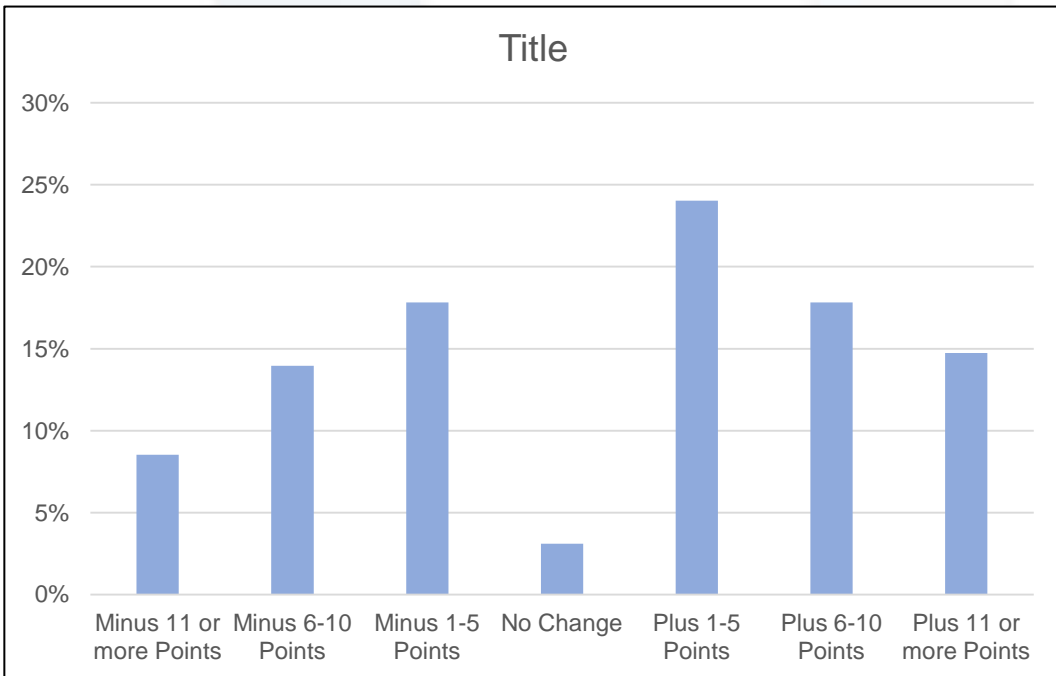
	Average of LIT Pre-test	Average of LIT Post-test
PREandPOST	48.625	45.7777778

# PRE/POST ALTERNATIVE MEASURES

- ✓ Percentage of individuals with improved scores

Data Prep: Add column that calculates the change in score from pre to post test group change in score.

PrePostChange	ChangeGroup
-5	1-5 Negative
-7	6-10 Negative
7	6-10 Positive
4	1-5 Positive
1	1-5 Positive
-11	More than 10 Negative
16	More than 10 Positive
-11	More than 10 Negative
7	6-10 Positive
1	1-5 Positive
-9	6-10 Negative



# PRE/POST ALTERNATIVE MEASURES

P	Q	R	S	T	U
Pre-Listen15	Post-Listen15	Pre-Imagination15	Post-Imagination15	Pre-Talent15	Post-Talent15
No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
No	Yes	No	No	No	No
No	No	No	Yes	No	No
No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
No	No	No	No	No	Yes

- ✓ Examine sub-scale scores

Assumption: Target score for participants on sub-scales is 15 out of 20

Data Prep:

- add columns that indicates yes/no if score was 15 or higher for pre and post scores for

all three sub-scales

- create table that shows the percentages of “yes” for each

	% Scoring 15 or Higher	
	Pre	Post
Listen	60%	53%
Imagination	22%	56%
Talent	44%	40%

# DOT PLOT – STEP BY STEP

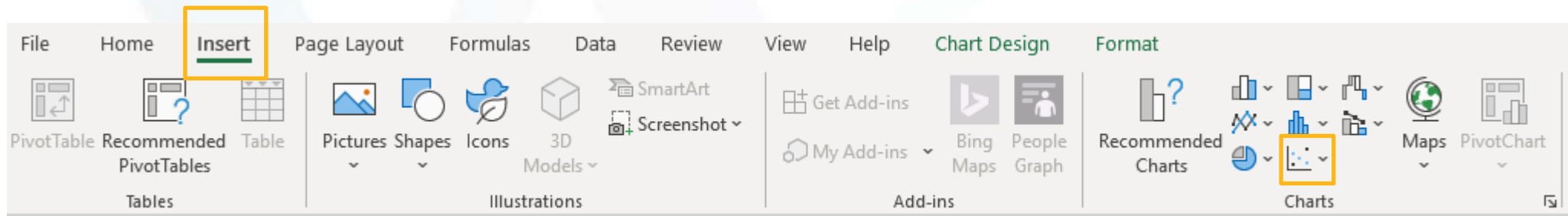
Sort data from smallest to largest based on “Pre” column.

Add new column, call it “DOT SPACING”, enter values of 3, 2, 1.

	% Scoring 15 or Higher		DOT SPACING
	Pre	Post	
Imagination	22%	56%	3
Talent	44%	40%	2
Listen	60%	53%	1

Highlight “Pre” and the values in the column. Press control key and highlight DOT SPACING and it’s values. Insert a scatterplot.

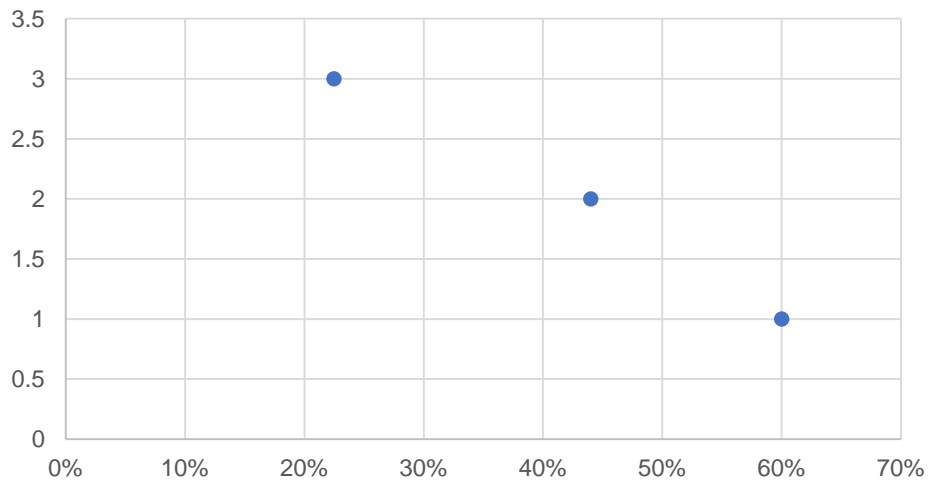
Insert scatterplot by going to “Insert” in top ribbon, select the scatterplot.





# DOT PLOT – STEP BY STEP

### DOT SPACING



Right click the chart, “Select Data”, edit series name to “Pre”.

Select Data Source

Chart data range: =Sheet3!\$G\$30:\$G\$33,Sheet3!\$I\$30:\$I\$33

Legend Entries (Series)

- DOT SPACING

Horizontal (Category) Axis Labels

- 22%
- 44%
- 60%

Edit Series

Series name: =Sheet3!\$I\$30 = DOT SPACING

Series X values: =Sheet3!\$G\$31:\$G\$33 = 22%, 44%, 60%

Series Y values: =Sheet3!\$I\$31:\$I\$33 = 3, 2, 1

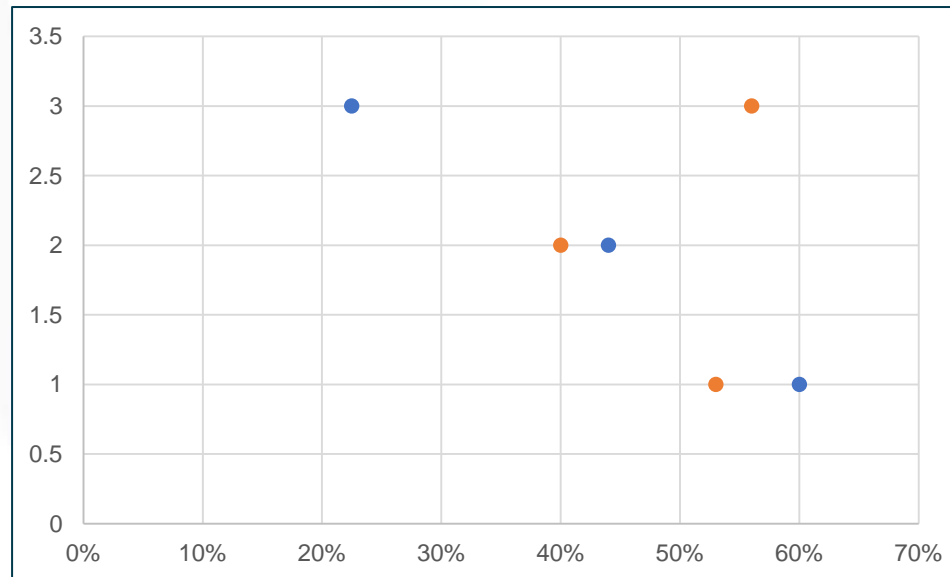
Add series for “Post”

Edit Series

Series name: =Sheet3!\$H\$30 = Post

Series X values: =Sheet3!\$H\$31:\$H\$33 = 56%, 40%, 53%

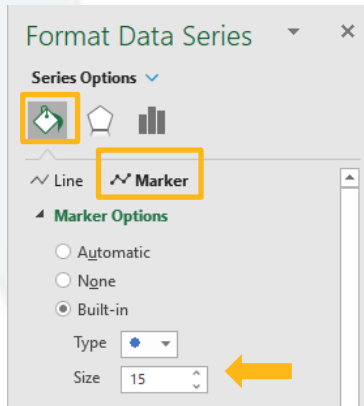
Series Y values: =Sheet3!\$I\$31:\$I\$33 = 3, 2, 1



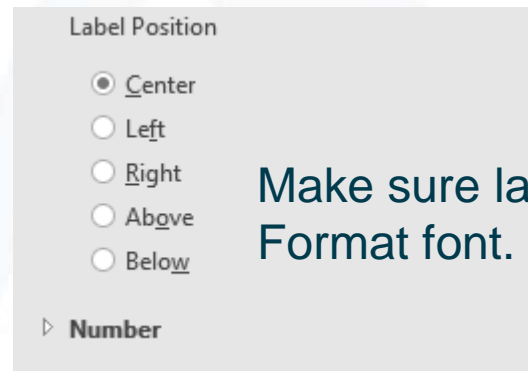
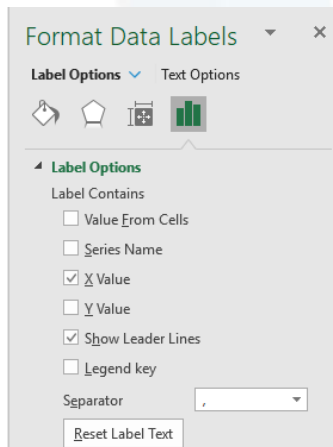
# DOT PLOT – STEP BY STEP

Mostly formatting from here to get the chart in shape.

Right click on blue dot, select “format data series”, make dot larger. Do same thing for orange dot.

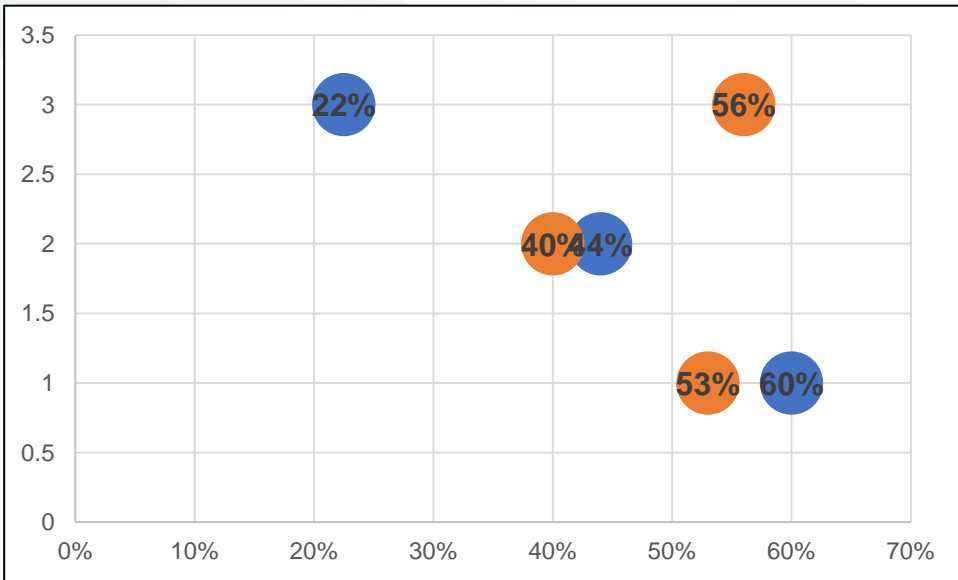


Right click on blue dot, select “add data labels”. Right click on data labels, select “format data labels”. Check “X Value” under label options, then uncheck “Y Value”. Do same for orange dot.

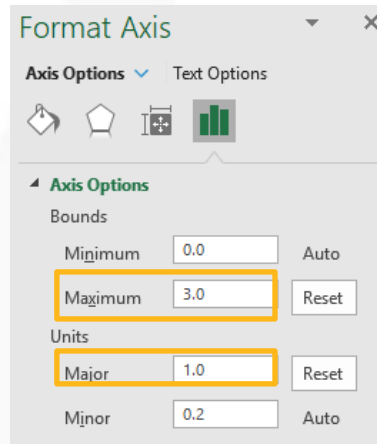


Make sure label position is “center”.  
Format font.

# DOT PLOT – STEP BY STEP



Right click on Y axis, “format axis”. Change axis options so that maximum is 3 (since we have 3 “dot spacers”), and major unit is 1.

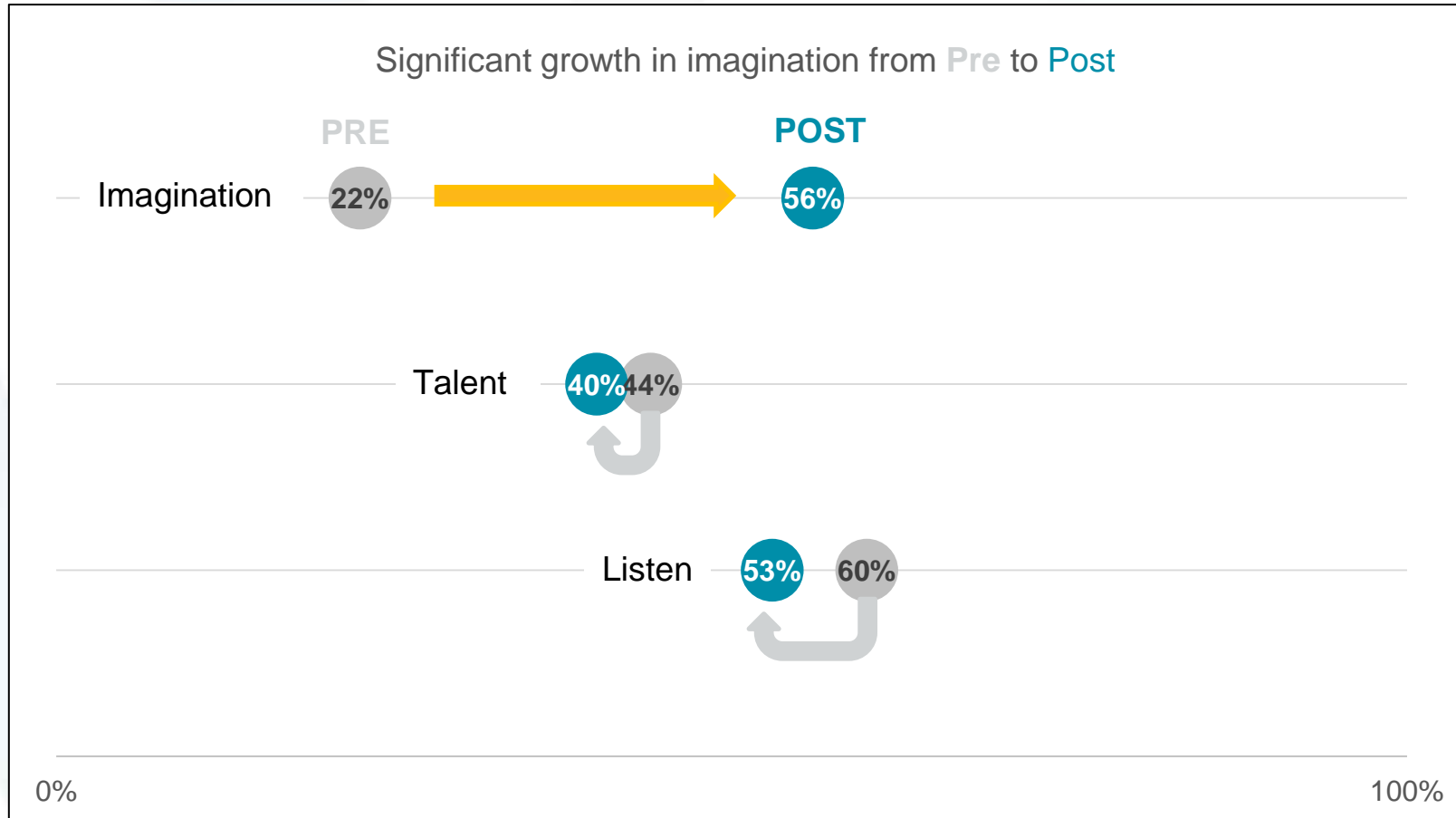


Click on Y axis, delete.

Adjust X axis to have maximum of 1, and major unit of 1.

Change colors of dots and font.  
Add labels by inserting text box.  
Add chart title...

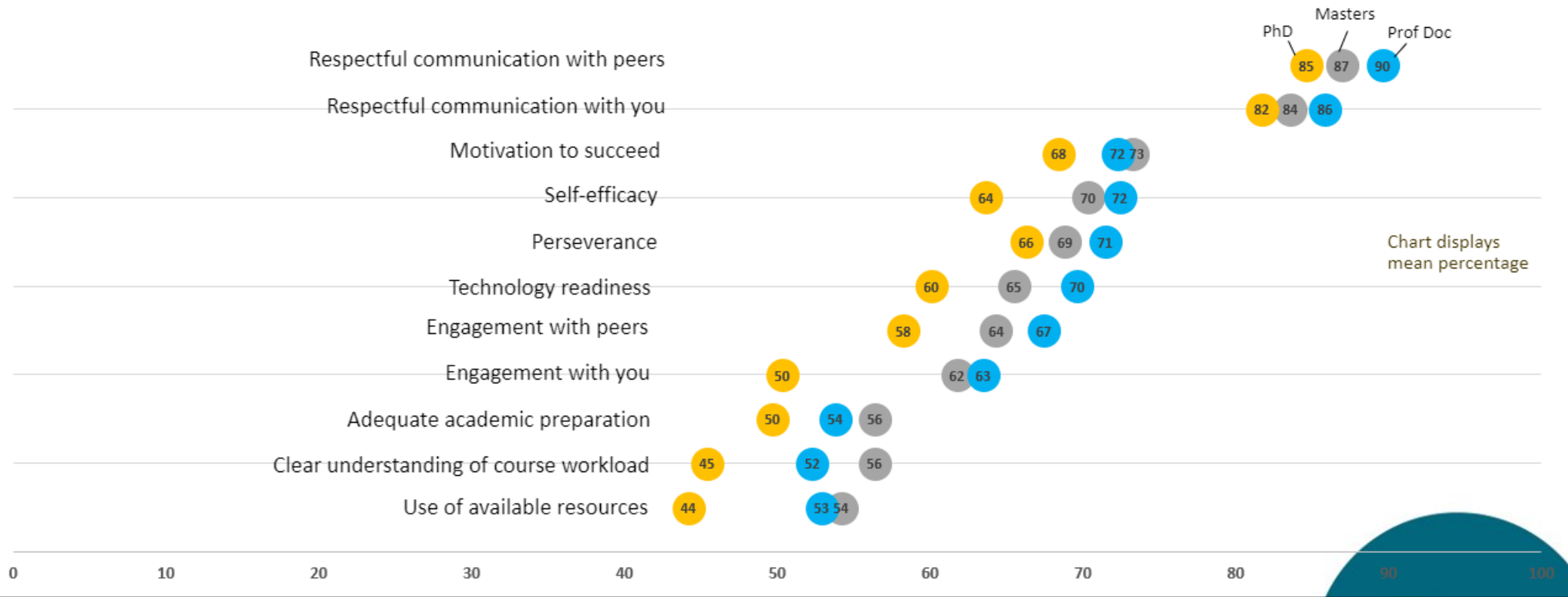
# DOT PLOT – STEP BY STEP



NOTE: The 129 participants who had both a Pre and Post test were included. There were 48 participants who only took the Pre test and 45 who only took the Post test that were not included.

# OTHER EXAMPLE

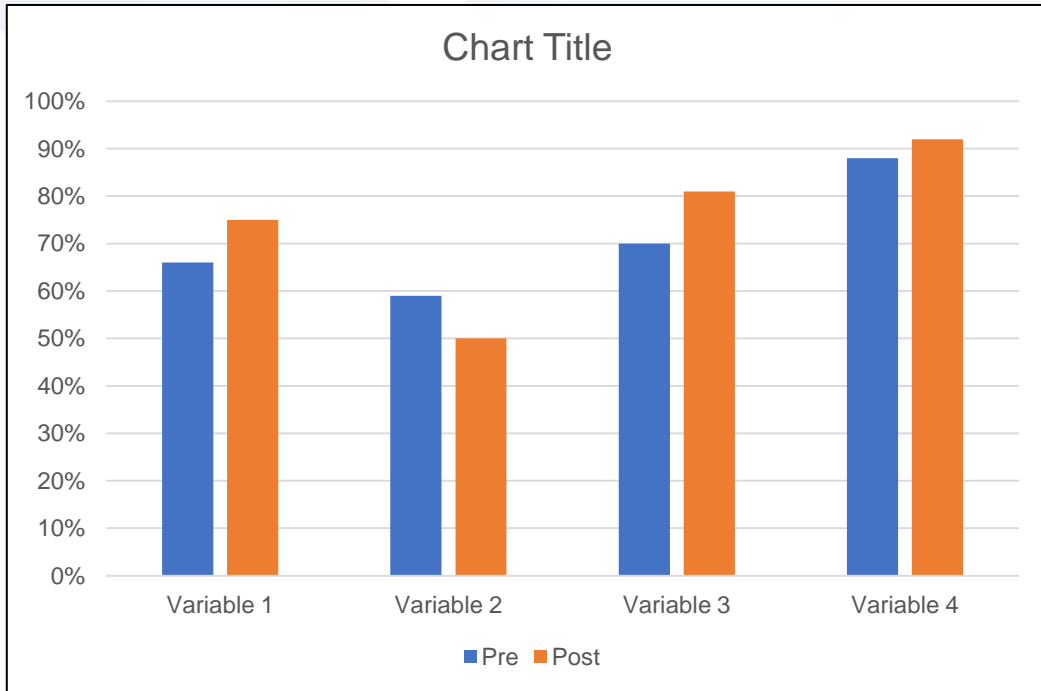
Think about your first term courses during the past year.  
During the first few weeks of each term, what percentage of your students demonstrate:



# COMMUNICATION CONSIDERATIONS

- Is it appropriate to attribute pre/post score changes to the program, or may have there been other influences?
- Is the measure taken at one point in time?
- Is there other data that would help tell the story and give more weight to the program impact? (number of days attended, for example)
- Environmental factors? (COVID, Protests)

# IF TIME REMAINS, PRACTICE



Side by side bar chart is appropriate to show change as well.

This chart needs help.

What could be done to improve this chart?

	Pre	Post
Variable 1	66%	75%
Variable 2	59%	50%
Variable 3	70%	81%
Variable 4	88%	92%

# QUESTIONS

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